Study on the Cultural Protection of Ancient Villages under the Background of Rapid Rural Urbanization

Feng Xingyu
College of Civil Engineering, Hexi University, Gansu, Zhangye, 734000, China

Keywords: Urbanization; Ancient Villages; Economic Development

Abstract: As a social and historical phenomenon, urbanization is not only the embodiment of material civilization progress, but also the motive force of spiritual civilization progress. In recent years, the state has paid more attention to the protection and promotion of ancient culture, and ancient village culture has become an important scenic spot for many towns to develop their economy. This paper focuses on the rapid rural urbanization as the background, and deeply discusses the cultural protection of ancient villages under the background of rapid rural urbanization. Only by protecting the interests of the peasants can we truly protect the ancient villages. In the process of protection, we must pay attention to the concept of protecting ancient villages, promote scientific and rational development, and improve the cultural relics protection system.

1. Introduction

With the in-depth development of China's economy, township economy has become a very important part of national economic development [1]. As a social and historical phenomenon, urbanization is not only the embodiment of material civilization progress, but also the motive force of spiritual civilization progress. Therefore, rural urbanization is the inevitable trend of history [2]. The process of urbanization in China is an irreversible inevitable trend. How to preserve cultural relics to the greatest extent under the premise of revering the historical development trend should be paid attention to. In the process of urbanization in recent years, localities have constantly raised their understanding of the importance of cultural heritage protection [3]. To strengthen the construction of laws and regulations, we should draft and formulate special protection regulations as soon as possible. The ancient village culture development tourism economy can enhance the local attention in protecting the ancient village culture, and it is a major measure to accelerate rural urbanization.

China's existing annual housing construction is huge. In this unprecedented large-scale reconstruction and construction process, many of our ancient villages are in a very critical stage. Traditional villages carry the essence of Chinese traditional culture and are a non-renewable cultural heritage of farming civilization [4]. Urbanization refers to the historical process in which the rural population continues to shift to urban areas, and the secondary and tertiary industries continue to gather in cities and towns, thus increasing the number of towns and expanding the scale of cities and towns [5]. The protection of ancient villages in rural urbanization construction is imminent. If it only protects the local ancient village culture and harms the interests of the local people, it will not benefit the protection of the ancient villages [6]. Traditional villages retain the diversity of national culture, which is the foundation of the prosperity and development of national culture. Based on the background of rapid rural urbanization, this paper deeply discusses the protection of ancient village culture under the background of rapid rural urbanization.

2. Materials and Methods

Rural urbanization is the process of urbanization completed in rural areas. Specifically, it refers to the non-agricultural transformation of rural occupations in rural areas. In order to facilitate the development of various protection work, it is necessary to consider the development of special regulations or policies applicable to the protection of local buildings, and encourage villagers to establish their own rules and regulations for the protection of cultural heritage [7].
necessary to have local characteristics, so that local residents do not intentionally change their living habits. Rural urbanization and protection of ancient villages have both the same and opposite aspects. How to harmonize the relationship between them is a problem that must be solved in the protection of ancient villages.

No resource can play an independent role as a factor of production. Only when natural resources are combined with social resources can they be transformed into productive forces with use value and value. Fig. 1 shows the contribution of different resources in different stages of rural development.

![Fig. 1 Contribution of different resources in different stages of rural development](image)

The needs of human survival and development are the fundamental driving force for social development. More and more theories and practices have proved that development is not only a quantitative increase, but also an overall improvement in quality. The relevant departments should be able to rely on laws to stop them as soon as possible. As a result, the style of the house built is very unique [8]. Many excellent ancient villages have been developed into scenic spots locally, and a large number of tourists will be welcomed every day. Although to a certain extent, it has brought great benefits to the local community, it has also brought various environmental and protection problems. The administrative department of cultural relics shall register and record the demolished non-state-owned and immovable cultural relics and collect as much valuable cultural relics and building components as possible.

3. Result Analysis and Discussion

Although ancient villages contain rich history, they are places where local people have lived since childhood. However, with the passage of time, the livability of ancient buildings will also be reduced. The process of human development is a process of continuous accumulation, including the continuous accumulation of material, economic and spiritual and cultural wealth. Excessive tourists will inevitably cause damage to some ancient buildings. In the urbanization construction, we should avoid immovable cultural relics as much as possible. If it is impossible to avoid due to special needs, the original protection of the cultural relics protection unit shall be carried out and corresponding protective measures shall be formulated.

Reasonable planning for the foundation of rural construction plays a crucial role in rural construction. Any scientific method is not monopolistic but versatile. Figure 2 shows the general pattern of rural development.

If there is no unified planning for urbanization construction, it is easy to have very chaotic buildings. With the acceleration of urbanization in China, construction is in full swing everywhere. With the development of economy and real estate, the destruction of historical and cultural heritage is becoming more and more serious. The ancient village lost the maintenance of the young labor force and gradually lost its vitality. And when the local village maintenance work is carried out, there will be a very lack of labor, and maintenance work will be difficult to sustain. Without a unified plan, the ancient villages were not protected, and they were demolished and built by local residents. The rural urbanization construction was in the form.
4. Conclusions

As a very important part of China's excellent traditional culture, village culture is an important part of inheriting Chinese civilization. In the process of rural urbanization, the cultural protection of ancient villages should be an important part of it. The interests of local people must be included in the protection and development plan, pay attention to safeguarding the vital interests of the residents of the ancient villages, and fully mobilize the enthusiasm of the farmers. In the process of protection, attention should be paid to establishing the concept of protecting ancient villages, advocating scientific and rational development, and improving the system of cultural relics protection. In the implementation of conservation planning, we are more likely to implement it as a kind of governmental action organization. At the same time, local residents should be actively mobilized to participate in the protection of ancient villages and towns.

References


